



OPANUJ CZASOWNIKI FRAZOWE

Język angielski

115 zdań z kluczem

100 podstawowych
czasowników frazowych

A2/B1



Joanna Tomczuk - Language Corner

Wydawnictwo: **Language Corner**

Autor: **Joanna Tomczuk**



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Czasowniki frazowe # 1



Zadanie I

Zastąp podkreślone czasowniki odpowiednimi czasownikami frazowymi, tzw. phrasal verbs.

Upewnij się, że użyłeś ich w poprawnej formie.

1. Jack is a very sociable person. He can communicate with anybody.

2. Ann became interested in photography and spent a lot of time taking pictures in her garden.

3. My sister tried several sweaters but she didn't like any of them.

4. They were hiding in the wardrobe but their giggling revealed where they were.

5. 'Please, remove the mess from your bedroom.'

6. The Browns started living in their house in September 2012.

7. The board didn't accept our offer. But we don't give up easily!

8. He was switching on and switching off the lights in order to make his brother nervous.

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9. Susie was caring about the little kitten she had found in the garden.

10. My grandmother died in spring.

11. Mark irresponsibly spent all the money he inherited from his grandfather.

12. When we arrived Ola was renovating a beautiful old cottage.

13. She finished all the blueberries in the bowl.

Czasowniki frazowe # 1



Zadanie II

Do podanych niżej czasowników dopisz ich odpowiedniki używając czasowników frazowych, tzw. phrasal verbs:

1. to respect sb., to admire » -----
2. to complete » -----
3. to faint » -----
4. to rely on sb. » -----
5. to gather » -----
6. to become ill » -----
7. to reunite » -----
8. to handle sth. » ----- / -----
9. to accept sth. » -----
10. to break up with sb. » -----
11. to date sb. » -----
12. to start loving sb. » -----
13. to pull away » -----
14. to visit » -----
15. to explode » -----

Zadanie III

Uzupełnij zdania odpowiednimi czasownikami frazowymi z tabeli poniżej.

to put up	to hang over	to depend on	to turn up	to move out
to cut down on	to look after	to give away	to drop by	to hang on
to get on	to get off	to collide with	to get out of	to take out
to pick up	to do up	to hold on x2	to check in	to get in
take off	to pass by	to get down	to check out	to go ahead
to work on	to fight off	to break into	to ask for	to look for
to turn down	to make up	to work out	to go over	to warm up

1. She _____ her old toys to the children from the orphanage.
2. The scouts _____ their tents before the nightfall.

Czasowniki frazowe # 1



Zadanie IV

Uzupełnij luki poprawną formą czasownika frazowego. Wykorzystaj czasownik zapisany **POGRUBIONĄ CZCIONKĄ**.

1. Angie _____ horse riding classes after the first year. She didn't like it any more. **GIVE**
2. He _____ the tree and broke his leg. **FALL**
3. We were _____ for the exam all night long. **SWOT**
4. They didn't have a place to sleep so we _____. **PUT**
5. What's that smell? Oh no! The milk has _____. **SPILL**
6. This brooch _____ our great-grandmother. It's a family heirloom. **BELONG**
7. After the quarrel, he went to the garden, sat on a bench and _____ a cigarette. **LIGHT**
8. I'm not feeling well. I guess I'll _____ this evening. **STAY**
9. Graham went to the baker's to buy some bread, but the price of bread _____ by 50%! **GO**
10. Jacob is not _____ for cooking. **CUT**
11. I'm sorry, sir, but you're late, the plane has just _____. **TAKE**
12. Stop behaving like that! You're _____ trouble! **ASK**
13. She's _____ all day. She needs some sleep. **BE**
14. When she lost her job, her parents were _____ her _____. **HELP**
15. When will they _____ the money they borrowed? **GIVE**
16. That man _____ to be our distant relative. **TURN**
17. The story was a blatant lie! He _____. **MAKE**
18. Mary, could you _____ the washing? It's such a lovely day. It should be dry soon. **HANG**
19. Damian is such a good boy. He keeps his room neat and tidy. He always _____ his toys _____. **PUT**
20. The lecture was so boring, but we had to _____ it. **PUT**
21. She has to _____ at the airport at five o'clock at the latest. **CHECK**
22. The equation we were given was so complicated but I _____ it _____. **WORK**
23. The children went outside, _____ line behind the teacher and were ready to go. **FALL**
24. I stepped round the corner and _____ a policeman. **WALK**
25. The price of petrol is steadily _____. It's higher every day. **GO**

Czasowniki frazowe # 1



15. You **drive me around the bend**, you ...

a) drive me nuts/ crazy/mad

b) run sb. over

c) give sb. a ride

16. If you **go on**, you ...

a) stop

b) pause

c) continue

17. If you **come up with** sth., you ...

a) solve a problem

b) come with a present

c) reveal sth.

18. If you **throw up**, you...

a) sniff

b) vomit

c) sleep

19. If you **clean up on** sth., you

a) win or earn a lot of money

b) spend a lot of money

c) find a lot of money

20. If you **go over** sth., you ...

a) stop doing sth.

b) find sth.

c) check sth.



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THE END

THANK YOU

Czasowniki frazowe # 1



Lista czasowników:

1. to get along with – mieć z kimś dobre stosunki, dobrze się dogadywać
2. to look up to sb. – podziwiać kogoś
3. to take up – zainteresować się czymś
4. to try sth. on – przymierzyć
5. to give up – poddać się
6. to give away * oddać coś niepotrzebnego
* zdradzić sekret
* poprowadzić pannę młodą do ołtarza
7. to be over – zakończyć się
8. to look after sb. – opiekować się kimś
9. to look for sth. – szukać czegoś
10. to look at – patrzeć na
11. to take care of – opiekować się kimś
12. to care about – troszczyć się o, zależeć komuś na kimś
13. to pass out - mdleć
14. to pass by – przechodzić obok
15. to pass away – umrzeć
16. to turn up * podkrecać, zwiększać
* skracać (spodnie)
17. to turn down * ściszyć, przygasić
* odrzucić (oferę)
18. to go ahead – zacząć coś robić
19. to put away * zaoszczędzić pieniądze
* odłożyć coś na miejsce
20. to tidy up – sprzątać
21. to put up * przybijać, przymocować
* przenocować
* rozbić (namiot)
22. to switch on/ off – włączać, wyłączać