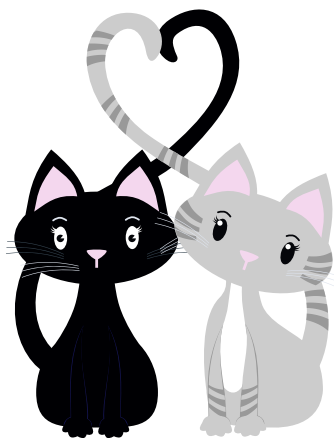


- **Materiał dedykowany jest dla klasy 5 i 6 na lekcję Walentynkową.**
- **Karta pracy, ćwicząca działania na ułamkach zwykłych, w formie labiryntu.**
- **Uczeń ma pomóc dojść zakochanej parze kotów na kolację Walentynkową.**





$$\frac{1}{2} + \frac{3}{4}$$

$$\frac{3}{8}$$

$$\frac{2}{3} \cdot \frac{1}{3}$$

$$\frac{1}{2}$$

$$4\frac{1}{4} - 3\frac{1}{3}$$

$$1\frac{1}{4}$$

$$\frac{4}{6}$$

$$\frac{2}{3}$$

$$\frac{1}{8}$$

$$1\frac{1}{4}$$

$$\frac{2}{3} \cdot \frac{1}{3}$$

$$\frac{2}{9}$$

$$4\frac{1}{4} - 2\frac{1}{3}$$

$$1\frac{1}{3}$$

$$\frac{6}{8} + \frac{1}{4}$$

$$\frac{4}{9}$$

$$\frac{2}{3}$$

$$1\frac{3}{4}$$

$$\frac{3}{16}$$

$$\frac{7}{12}$$

$$\frac{6}{10} : \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\frac{3}{8}$$

$$\frac{1}{3} : 4$$

$$\frac{1}{12}$$

$$\frac{3}{8} \cdot \frac{2}{4}$$

$$\frac{3}{16}$$

$$\frac{4}{5}$$

$$\frac{4}{7}$$

$$\frac{4}{12}$$

$$\frac{3}{16}$$

$$8\frac{1}{9} \cdot \frac{1}{4}$$

$$\frac{8}{36}$$

$$8\frac{1}{9} : \frac{1}{3}$$

$$\frac{8}{3}$$

$$2\frac{1}{8} + 4\frac{2}{8}$$

$$\frac{9}{13}$$

$$\frac{8}{27}$$

$$\frac{2}{3}$$

$$6\frac{2}{8}$$

$$6\frac{3}{8}$$

$$9\frac{1}{2} + 6\frac{1}{4}$$

$$\frac{1}{2}$$

$$\frac{4}{5} - \frac{3}{10}$$

$$1\frac{3}{5}$$

$$4\frac{2}{5} : \frac{1}{4}$$

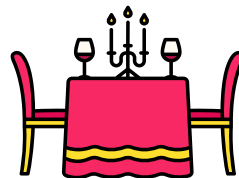
$$15\frac{3}{4}$$

$$\frac{4}{7}$$

$$\frac{2}{20}$$

$$4 \cdot \frac{2}{3}$$

$$\frac{2}{3}$$





$\frac{1}{2} + \frac{3}{4}$

$\frac{3}{8}$

$\frac{2}{3} \cdot \frac{1}{3}$

$\frac{1}{2}$

$\frac{1}{4} - 3\frac{1}{3}$

$1\frac{1}{4}$

$\frac{4}{6}$

$\frac{2}{3}$

$\frac{1}{8}$

$1\frac{1}{4}$

$\frac{2}{3} \cdot \frac{1}{3}$

$\frac{2}{9}$

$4\frac{1}{4} - 2\frac{1}{3}$

$1\frac{1}{3}$

$\frac{6}{8} + \frac{1}{4}$

$\frac{4}{9}$

$\frac{2}{3}$

$3\frac{1}{4}$

$\frac{3}{16}$

$\frac{7}{12}$

$\frac{6}{10} : \frac{1}{2}$

$\frac{3}{8}$

$\frac{1}{3} : 4$

$\frac{1}{12}$

$3\frac{2}{8} \cdot \frac{1}{4}$

$\frac{3}{16}$

$\frac{4}{5}$

$\frac{4}{7}$

$\frac{4}{12}$

$\frac{3}{16}$

$\frac{8}{9} \cdot \frac{1}{4}$

$\frac{8}{36}$

$8\frac{1}{9} : \frac{1}{3}$

$\frac{8}{3}$

$2\frac{1}{8} + 4\frac{2}{8}$

$\frac{9}{13}$

$\frac{8}{27}$

$\frac{2}{3}$

$6\frac{2}{8}$

$6\frac{3}{8}$

$9\frac{1}{2} + 6\frac{1}{4}$

$\frac{1}{2}$

$\frac{4}{5} - \frac{3}{10}$

$1\frac{3}{5}$

$\frac{4}{5} \cdot \frac{2}{4}$

$15\frac{3}{4}$

$\frac{4}{7}$

$\frac{2}{20}$

$4 \cdot \frac{2}{3}$

$2\frac{2}{3}$

